## **Habitat Improvement Project Guidelines**

## Habitat Improvement Guidelines from Arizona Antelope Foundation

	Pronghorn	Mule Deer	Scaled Quail	Gambel's
Space	Low-growing grasses and shrubs, with isolated trees. Diverse, forb, shrub and Grass mix. Select sites with < 3 shrub species on 431 ft. squared (40m squared), usually with no tree species. Avoid sites with > or = 3 shrub species.  Cliffrose, green rabbitbush, hackberry, mesquite, serviceberry, mesquite	Mesquite shrublands: mesquite < 60% of ground cover and avoided when mesquite made up at least 60% ground cover.  Arroyos: Maintain high structural and species diversity within buffer of about 50-100' along each bank. Mule deer utilize open habitats within approx. 220 yds of cover.  Littleleaf sumac, four-wing saltbush, skunkbush,	Mixed Desert Grasslands or Shrublands with open, Level-to-rolli ng habitat, Avoids pure Grasslands, particularly Stands of introduced Aggressive grass species	Quail Brushy drainages Dominated by Mesquite, acacia, palo verde, skunkbush, littleleaf sumac, and Various cactus species
% of Tree or Brush Canopy Cover	Less 10% slope has plant Densities < 2 foot and canopy cover less than 30%. In SW canopy cover less than 20%. Optimum plant height for optimum habitat utilization = .8 -2'	Mesquite < 60% of ground cover. Mesa tops: 2/4 of management area approx. 10% mesquite cover. Slopes: Thin ¼ treatment area approx. 30% mesquite cover. Strips should be approx. 100' in width with cleared strips of 150-200 ' Bottoms: Maintain ¼ treatment area in > 40% but < 60% mesquite cover.	10-24%, brush cover < 5 feet tall	>40%
% of Grass Canopy cover	Prairie & semi-desert grassland: Grass cover averaged 15%, shrub cover around 10%, forb cover Between 2-10%, tree cover < 2/acre. Fawning cover: grasses, forbs and low shrubs averaging between 10-18 "	Grazed to remove overstory to enhance forb and shrub production. Variety of forbs & shrubs/ acre should exceed 20% forbs & 5% shrubs. Overall: 60-80% grasses and forbs, with 20-40% bare ground populated by annuals	30-50%	30-50%
Distance Between Cover	Woody tree densities < than 2/acre. June-August use of	¼ treatment area in late succession > 40% cover (bottoms), ¼ in < 30% cover	60 yards	40-50 yards

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	Scattered tree cover used as Thermal cover.	(slopes) and 2/4 in at least 10% cover (tops). Untreated areas and thins of approx. 30% should be 10to 20 ac. In size. All 4 treatments present in same quarter section (160ac)		
% of Annual Growth Grazed	Grazed to enhance forb and shrub production	Grazed to enhance forb and shrub production.	< 50%	< 50%
Breeding Season	August thru October  Fawning: end April into early June. Peak fawn drop May 15 (+ or – 7 days)	December thru January Fawning: Late June - August	Spring after wet winters and after monsoons started	Spring and summer, Heavily dependent on Winter rainfall